

## Young's Modulus Practice Problems **Answer Key**

1. A patient's leg was put into traction, stretching the femur from a length of 0.46 m to 0.461 m. The femur has a diameter of 3.05 cm. With the knowledge that bone has a Young's modulus of  $\sim 1.6 \times 10^{10}$  in tension, what force was used to stretch the femur?

$$F = Y (\Delta L / L_0) A$$

$$Y = 1.6 \times 10^{10} \text{ Pa} = 16000000000 \text{ Pa (given)}$$

$$L_0 = 0.46 \text{ m (given)}$$

$$\Delta L = 0.001 \text{ m (obtained from } .461 \text{ m} - .46 \text{ m – the given amount of "stretch")}$$

$$A = \pi r^2 = 3.14 (1.525)^2 = 7.30 \text{ cm}^2 = 0.00073 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (obtained from given diameter of 3.05 cm)}$$

Now, using the equation above:

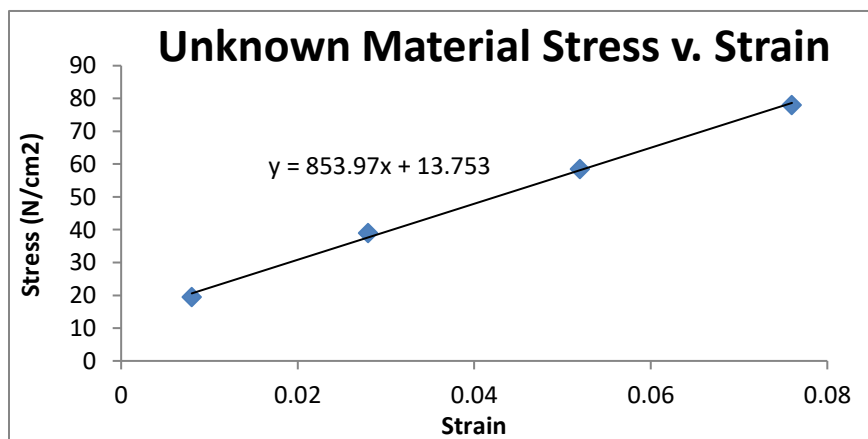
$$F = 16000000000 \times (.001/0.46) \times 0.00073$$

$$F = 25,391.30 \text{ N}$$

2. Using the following information on stress and strain, plot a graph in Excel to determine the Young's modulus for an unknown material. The radius of the material is 4 cm.

$$\text{Cross-sectional area} = A = \pi r^2 = 50.24 \text{ cm}^2$$

Initial Length (cm)	Final Length (cm)	Change in Length – $\Delta L$ (cm)	Strain ( $\Delta L / L_0$ )	Mass (g)	Force (N)	Stress (N/cm <sup>2</sup> )
25	25.2	0.2	0.008	100	980	19.50637
25	25.7	0.7	0.028	200	1960	39.01274
25	26.3	1.3	0.052	300	2940	58.51911
25	26.9	1.9	0.076	400	3920	78.02548



$$\text{Young's modulus} = 8.54 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$